

ROUND MOUNTAIN RESUMES DIVIDEND PAYMENTS

Judgment of \$160,000 Pending In the Supreme Court Satisfied and the Course Cleared for Further Distribution of Profits

This May Mean Intervention by Uncle Sam In Mexico

By Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, July 15.—It became known today that one of the great European powers through its diplomatic representative here called attention of Secretary Bryan to the chaotic conditions in Mexico, accompanied by a polite inquiry as to what the United States purposes to do about it.
Whether the inquiry is part of a concerted movement on the part of the European powers to bring the state department to a declaration of purpose toward Mexico has not developed but reports from Mexico city appear to warrant that conclusion.
Bryan refused to comment. Some officials fear that unless the United States acts European powers may feel free to take steps to restore peace.

SETTLEMENT OF A BITTER CONTEST REACHED THROUGH A COMPROMISE

The suit of John F. Davidson against the Round Mountain Mining company has been settled and the directors of the company will meet this afternoon in Tonopah and probably declare a dividend of four cents a share, equal to \$32,000. This is the first dividend since payments were enjoined by the order of Judge Averill of the Fifth judicial district. At eight o'clock last evening Bob Pohl, county clerk was called from his home to receive and file the stipulation which states that the judgment has been satisfied. The company had \$146,148.25 cash on hand the first of April 1913.
Nothing appears in the record to indicate the precise nature of the settlement, but it is said by persons interested that the deal was effected by the transfer of a block of stock in the Round Mountain company, a certain cash consideration and the title to lands in Sutter, county, California, which aggregate in value about \$100,000.
The Davidson suit was brought against the parent company for trespass on the ground that the defendant had entered the lease held by Davidson on the Black Hawk claim of the Red Top Mountain Mining company, and extracted therefrom ore to the value of \$200,000. A demand was made for double this amount and judgment was obtained from Judge Averill for the sum of \$160,000. The Round Mountain company appealed to the state supreme court where it was pending until the settlement of yesterday which brought the entire proceedings to a halt.

Another suit, that of the Sphinx is still pending. This involves extra lateral rights and the contending parties are represented by Attorney P. E. Carney.
The action of the directors of the Round Mountain Mining company will be hailed with great satisfaction as it leaves the path clear for resumption of dividends which have been accumulating in the treasury. Under an order of court the company was permitted to operate but not to disburse any funds except for actual maintenance and conduct of the property.
Details of the settlement were arranged late yesterday afternoon at a conference participated in by James R. Davis, president of the Round Mountain, his attorney, M. A. Diskin, James F. Davidson and his attorney, H. R. Cooke. The facts will be submitted to the stockholders in a circular issued by President Davis after the meeting this afternoon, and until they are advised of the terms Mr. Davis prefers to say nothing about them except to confirm the report.
The Round Mountain Mining company was organized during the boom days of Goldfield by James R. Davis and James M. Loftus and has always been regarded as one of the best little producers in the state. The stock is held in large blocks in various countries of Europe and eastern investors have also taken over large blocks on the strength of it being an excellent investment. The stock has never been traded in to any great extent on the San Francisco board or on the New York curb, as it never attained a speculative rank.

JIM BUTLER HERE IN HIS BIG CAR TO BOOST TONOPAH

FATHER OF TONOPAH COMES OVER FROM HIS RANCH NEAR BIG PINE.

Jim Butler, the father of Tonopah, came in this morning more enthusiastic than ever over the prospects of the camp which owes its discovery to his efforts.
"I told you all about it," he exclaimed when accosted by old friends in front of the Mizpah hotel soon after he had disengaged himself from the machine which brought him across the White mountains. "Next time," he added with one of his old laughs, "you will pay some attention to the old man and make some money. I tell you there is nothing like Tonopah. This camp is in a class by itself. It is a new mineral zone and not like the Comstock lode. I will predict that the mineralized area will eventually extend 20 miles east and west, north and south, and that the biggest mining camp on this continent will succeed the present Tonopah. You cannot make any mistake in sticking to it for you will see that each day will bring forth new developments."
The party included Jim Butler, Miss C. Gustin, Mrs. V. S. Richardson of Butler hotel, at Big Pine, Frank Logan, brother of ex-sheriff Logan, and T. M. Kendrick, bookkeeper for James L. Butler.
The party expects to be here for several days.

NEW LABOR LAW PASSED; THEN GOES TO WILSON

NEWLANDS BILL HASTENED WHILE RAILROAD EMPLOYEES WAIT.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, July 15.—The Newlands bill revising the Erdman law to provide arbitration in wage disputes in a manner satisfactory to railroads and employees passed the house today without roll call. It was hurried to the senate which was waiting to pass it for the president's signature. Both sides of the strike agreed to arbitrate under the new law.

WIDOW SUES FOR A SHARE IN STRATTON MILLIONS

URNS UP AT END OF TEN YEARS TO ENFORCE LONG DEFERRED DEMAND.

Mrs. Michael Kennedy of Leadville, Colo., has filed suit in the district court of Denver county against the trustees of the W. S. Stratton estate, the Myron Stratton home and the International Trust company in which she alleges that she is the widow of the late W. S. Stratton, millionaire mining man, who died in 1903 leaving his estate of \$8,000,000 to the state of Colorado for a home for indigent citizens of the state. Stratton was believed to be a widower at his death. The home has not been built.
Mrs. Kennedy demands that she be awarded one-half of the Stratton estate, and that the trustees proceed to the erection and maintenance of the Myron Stratton home, as provided by the Stratton will with the other half of the estate. As a part of the complaint is a specification of the property said to be owned by the Stratton estate in Denver, including the Brown Palace hotel, the First National bank building, the Colorado building and other property amounting to a total value of between three and four million dollars.
The complaint alleges that the complainant and Winfield S. Stratton were married in Texas, in St. Augustine county, January 1, 1874.
According to the attorney for the alleged Mrs. Stratton, she was left a young widow by the death of her first husband, when she was 22. Three years later, according to the attorney, she met Stratton, who was then 26 years of age, in St. Augustine county, Texas, and they were married there in 1874. From there, the story continues they went to Fort Worth, Tex., where their daughter, Frances, was born.
According to the story, he used his wife's money for the purpose of purchasing a ranch and never returned. Believing him dead, according to the attorney's story, she married again and in 1886 she came with her husband Michael Kennedy, to Leadville, where Kennedy later died. In 1890 she heard some miners at dinner talking about Stratton and his independence mine as a result of this conversation the lawyer says, she went to Cripple Creek and found her husband.
"GUNBOAT" FLYNN MATCH.
(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, July 15.—"Gunboat" Smith of California and Jim Flynn, the Pueblo fireman, have been matched to fight ten rounds at Madison Square Garden August 8.

BULGARS BURNING VICTIMS

FIVE HUNDRED MASSACRED BEFORE DESTROYING VILLAGE OF DOXA.

(By Associated Press.)
SALONIKI, July 15.—The Greek commander reports fleeing Bulgarians burned the village of Doxa yesterday and massacred 500 inhabitants. After a hard fight the Greeks occupied Doxa, 30 miles northeast of Serres. The Bulgarians lost their wagons and ammunition.
BELGRADE, July 15.—The report that Serbia refuses to enter peace negotiations with Bulgaria is unfounded. It is officially stated that quiet prevails today along the entire frontier except Zastsehar where there is unimportant skirmishing.

James R. Davis, president of the Round Mountain, reported as follows for the past year:
The company's holdings remain the same as last year, that is, 222,079 acres patented ground and 121,425 acres of unpatented ground, a total of 343,504 acres.
"We closed the year 1911-12 with cash on hand and bullion in transit at \$115,491.77 and closed the fiscal year 1912-13 with cash on hand \$146,148.25 and store supplies on hand at mine and mill amounting to \$19,187.52. This shows an increase of \$30,656.78 in our cash reserves and an increase of \$592.06 in store supplies. The company has no debts.
"We began the year with ore reserves of 145,820 tons and closed the year with 155,500 tons, an increase of 9,680 tons in addition to which we milled 57,360 tons of a gross value of \$318,985.45 from which we recovered \$4.92 per ton, or a total of \$282,335.05 or 88.5 per cent of the gross value of the ore. This includes a depreciation charge of \$16,914.70 on mine plants and equipment and \$11,553.76 on the milling plant and litigation expenses of \$1556.44 making a total of \$30,925.10, or 52 cents per ton. There were miscellaneous earnings of \$8190.53, or 14 cents per ton leaving a net operating cost of \$4.41 per ton, which leaves a net realization of \$29,150.60 or 51 cents per ton.
"The decrease in the value of the ore milled was due to the fact that No. 1 glory hole did not produce as good grade as was expected and partly to the fact that during the year we have milled a large tonnage of very low grade material coming from development work. We estimate the value of the ore in reserve at 155,500 tons at \$5.96 per ton or a total of \$924,580.
"In the Sphinx protest against the issuance of patent to the Great Western No. 1 claim you were advised last year that the commissioner of the general land office had rendered a decision in favor of this company and ordered a patent to issue. From this decision the Sphinx company appealed and the case was argued February 24, 1912, and submitted to the secretary of the interior for review on March 20, 1912. Under date of February 28, 1913, the secretary of the interior dismissed the Sphinx protest and ordered that the Great Western claim No. 1 be passed to patent.
"Under date of January 4, 1913, the supreme court of the state of Nevada handed down a decision in the Los Gatos case affirming the decision of the lower court. A petition for a rehearing has been filed by this company.
"The Davidson case was argued and submitted to the state supreme court on March 24, 1913. Decision has not yet been rendered."
Some idea of the interests affected by this settlement may be gleaned from the report which shows the op-

erations during the life of the company as follows:

Tons milled	326,028
Gross value	\$1,975,918.01
Profit	666,938.76
Dividends paid	328,404.17
Cash on hand Mar. 31	1,614,25
Store supplies on hand	19,187.52

The report for last year was as follows:

Tons milled	57,360
Value	\$318,985
Tailings loss	\$6,650
Values recovered	282,335

Mining costs:

Stoping	\$129,691.09
Development	33,603.13
Milling, including depreciation on milling plant, \$0.2014 per ton.	
Bullion tax, transportation and marketing bullion, \$3,084.88.	

FRIEND OF WHITE SLAVER

PROSECUTOR HAYDEN SAID TO BE INTIMATE WITH CAMINETTI FAMILY.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, July 15.—That Thomas E. Hayden, appointed by the attorney general as special prosecutor of the Diggs-Caminetti case is a friend of the Caminetti family, is one of the charges made today in a protest against the retention of Hayden presented to the attorney general by Senator Ashurst at the request of several California democrats.
Hayden was also nominated to succeed McNab. Ashurst would not make public the names. He asked because California had no democratic senator.
Ashurst said later that State Senator J. B. Sanford of California was one of the protestants. Ashurst said he was not attacking Hayden personally but questioning his experience as prosecutor.
"I will examine the charges very carefully," the attorney general said. "If demonstrated that the special prosecutor is not the right man for the work I will get some one else."
SAN FRANCISCO, July 15.—Hayden is due to arrive in Washington today to consult with the attorney general about the Diggs-Caminetti case. Friends said the protest was due to politics entered by unsuccessful candidates for the district attorneyship and denied that friendship for the Caminetti family would influence.

MONARCH PITTS TURNED INTO AN ASSESSABLE

STOCKHOLDERS ASKED TO RATIFY ACTION OF DIRECTORS CHANGING TO NEW PLAN.

Next month the stockholders of the Monarch Pittsburg Extension Mining company will be called upon to either accept or reject a proposition to change the company from a non-assessable one to one similar to the North Star and others which have been financed through levying assessments on stockholders for the purpose of raising funds for development.
Monarch is now organized under the laws of South Dakota which do not permit assessments and it is proposed to secure articles of incorporation from the state of Nevada. A three-fourths vote is required before the reorganization can become effective. Holders of certificates are urged to send their certificates with voting proxy to the Tonopah Banking corporation.
To date the company has issued 1,363,666 shares and has 136,334 shares in the treasury which would not suffice to continue operations for a longer period than three or four months. This balance is to be divided pro rata among the stockholders as a stock dividend giving eleven shares for each ten shares held.
WASHINGTON MEN ORGANIZE A SUFFRAGE LEAGUE.
(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, July 15.—Prominent men have organized a men's league to support suffrage, to work as auxiliary suffragettes at national headquarters, headed by General Anson Mills, U. S. A., retired. The branch includes numerous members of congress.

Jonquil Keeper Is Sent to Jail

By Associated Press
LOS ANGELES, July 15.—Emma Goodman, keeper of the "Jonquil" resort, and prominent in the recent white slave investigation involving wealthy men, pleaded guilty today to contributing to the delinquency of Marie Brown-Levy. Her accuser was Geo. Bixby. She was sentenced to one year in the county jail and fined \$100.

Millions Paid In by Corporations

By Associated Press
WASHINGTON, July 15.—Corporations of the United States earned \$2,304,000,000 in excess of all expense in 1912, exceeding previous records since the enactment of the corporation tax law by \$400,000,000.
The tax will yield the government \$35,000,000, the greatest corporation tax ever assessed by the treasurer.

TOOTH CHIP MALIGNANT.

(By Associated Press.)
CHICAGO, July 15.—A speck of enamel chipped from a patient's tooth by a dentist's drill flew into the eye of Dr. Leroy Kerr a few days ago and yesterday he was advised to have the optic removed to save his life. Diphtheria germs were carried on the speck into the eye.

MRS. WEST DIVORCED.

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, July 15.—A decree of divorce was granted Mrs. George C. Cornwallis West. This may be made absolute in six months. Desertion and misconduct are the grounds.